

Medicines Optimisation

North of England **Commissioning Support Unit**

Prescribing Memo

Nalmefene and Psychosocial Support

Date: 18thth December 2014

Memo Number: 19/14

Nalmefene was recommended for use in "NICE Technology appraisal guidance 235: Nalmefene for reducing alcohol consumption in people with alcohol dependence".

See: https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta325

This drug is only licensed for use in conjunction with continuous psychosocial support focused on treatment adherence and reducing alcohol consumption. Do not prescribe unless the required associated level of regular support is also provided.*

Further guidance is expected in early 2015

Nalmefene is recommended by NICE, within its marketing authorisation, as an option for reducing alcohol consumption, for people with alcohol dependence: Who have a high drinking risk level (defined as alcohol consumption of more than7.5units (60 g) per day for men and more than 5units (40g) per day for women, according to the World Health Organization's drinking risk levels) without physical withdrawal symptoms, and · Who do not require immediate detoxification. The marketing authorisation states that nalmefene should: Only be prescribed in conjunction with continuous psychosocial support focused on treatment adherence and reducing alcohol consumption, and

 Be initiated only in patients who continue to have a high drinking risk level 2 weeks after initial assessment.

*Alcohol-use disorders -NICE clinical guideline 115 recommends that psychosocial intervention should typically consist of weekly sessions of 60 minute duration over a 12 week period. Current services available in England have difficulty providing this level of treatment. NICE therefore endorsed either brief/extended brief, intervention although the review group suggested a greater response may be seen with higher-intensity psychosocial intervention.

In the trials submitted to NICE the psychosocial support was in the form of a specific model called BRENDA. All sessions were provided by trained professionals and were delivered at weekly intervals for the first 2 weeks and then monthly. Sessions lasted for 15-30 minutes except for the first longer session, which was 30-40 minutes.

> For further information please check the Medicines Optimisation website http://medicines.necsu.nhs.uk/ email NECSU.medicinesCDD@nhs.net or telephone 0191 374 4121.