

NHS South of Tyne and Wear

serving Gateshead Primary Care Trust, South Tyneside Primary Care Trust and

Sunderland Teaching Primary Care Trust

SHARED CARE GUIDELINE

For

Ketamine in Palliative Care

Implementation Date: 26.1.2011

Review Date: 26.1.2013

This guidance has been prepared and approved for use within Gateshead in consultation with Primary and Secondary Care Trusts and Local Medical Committees. The guideline sets out the details of the transfer of prescribing and respective responsibilities of GPs and specialist services within shared care prescribing arrangements. It is intended to provide sufficient information to allow GPs to prescribe these treatments within a shared care setting

Further copies are available from

Lynn Cunningham	SOTW Medicines Management Team	Clarendon Windmill Hill Hebburn Tyne & Wear NE311AT
		Tel: 0191 283 1348

Approved by:

Committee	Date
Gateshead Medicines Management	26.1.2011
Committee	

Name of drug:	Ketamine		Form and strength:	Ketamine oral liquid 50mg/5ml (Unlicensed) Ketamine injection 10mg/ml 20ml vial; 100mg/ml 10ml vial; 50mg/ml 10ml vial	
Brand name:	Ketalar®		BNF Code:	15.1.1	
Conditions(s) to be treated:		Aim of treatment:			
Pain in palliative care unresponsive to standard therapies <u>Neuropathic pain:</u> Following a trial of strong opioids, anti-convulsants and Tricyclic anti-depressants +/- trial of high dose Dexamethasone.		To control pain not successfully settled with strong opioids, anticonvulsants and tricyclic antidepressants in line with the WHO analgesic ladder.			
<u>Other pains:</u> Which may Ketamine:	y respond to				
 Movement related particular 	ain.				
• Skin pain.					
 Mucosal pain. 					
 Ra Se Ra Re 		ine should be avoided in patients with: aised intracranial pressure. evere systemic hypertension. aised intra-ocular pressure. ecent history of epilepsy. ecent history of psychosis.			
		ring dose and drug stabilisation for at least 1 week in an ent setting			
		Ketam	nine is initiated by a specialist palliative care physician.		
Duration of treatment Ongoi		•			
Usual Maintenance Do	se		g dose 10mg qds orally or 50mg s/c in a syringe driver		
Usual Dose Range			4 hours - 500mg oral or subcut	taneously	
		- 500mg oral or subcutaneously g / 24hour (subcutaneously) or 200mg QDS (orally)			
Available Strengths			nine oral liquid 50mg/5ml (Unlicensed)		
(Colours)		Ketamine injection 10mg/ml 20ml vial; 100mg/ml 10ml vial; 50mg/ml 10ml vial		20ml vial; 100mg/ml 10ml vial;	
Preparations		Liquid oral preparation prescribed 6 hourly. Ketamine for injection which is administered subcutaneously in a syringe driver over 24 hours when patients not able to take oral preparation. The precise conversion ratio of oral to subcutaneous Ketamine is unknown. In practice the conversion ratio of 1:1 is normally used.			
Cost 28 days (Drug Ta	riff)	£/mo	onth		
		siness, dizziness, palpitations, hypertension and nausea			
Incidence and actions to be Halluc		inations and other psychotic sequelae including			

Agreed Date: 26.1.2011	Expiry date:	26.1.2013		
	SUNDERLAND Hospital Team: 0191 565 6256 ext 47337 Community Team: 0191 569 9987 St Benedict's Hospice: 0191 569 9195 Out of hours advice: 0191 569 9195			
	SOUTH TYNESIDE Hospital Team: 0191 202 4105 Community Team: 0191 451 6396 St Clare's Hospice: 0191 451 6384 Out of hours advice: 0191 451 6384			
	GATESHEAD Hospital & Community Team: 0191 445 6403 Out of hours advice: 0191 273 3435			
Contact details	Consultant:			
Re- referral criteria		ipated that a patient commenced on Ketamine arged from the specialist palliative care service.		
	G.P.	GP to communicate any problem with analgesia or side effects to the specialist palliative care team		
Communications	Consultant	GP to be informed of a patient being on Ketamine prior to discharge. Any changes in Ketamine prescription as outpatient to be communicated to GP on day of change.		
	G.P.	Reporting any problems with analgesia or side- effects to the specialist palliative care team. Prescribe FP10		
Responsibilities	Consultant	Initiation and dose titration. Regular review by specialist palliative care team.		
Monitoring	No monitoring of blood required. Patient needs monitoring in terms of effectiveness of analgesia. If problems encountered in terms of ineffective analgesia or side effects, the specialist palliative care team to be informed.			
Pregnancy and breast feeding	Not to be use			
Renal impairment and liver disease	No additional caution required			
	Raised intracranial pressure, severe hypertension, raised intraocular pressure, epilepsy, psychosis Acute intermittent porphyria.			
Contra-indications	Known hypersensitivity to the product			
	Also, problems may occur with opioid toxicity, when the patient is already taking a strong opioid for pain relief. For this reason, the total daily dose of opioid is reduced prior to commencing Ketamine.			
taken	dysphoria and vivid dreams. The incidence of psychotic effects can be reduced when drugs such as diazepam are also used.			

Reference to full prescribing information:

- SPC
- SFC
 Twycross R, Wilcock A. Palliative Care Formulary 3rd Edition 2007. Palliativedrugs.com
 NECN Palliative Care Group. Palliative Care Guidelines

Appendix 2 Shared Care Request Form

- **Consultant to complete FIRST SECTION of form** •
- GP to complete SECOND section and RETURN to SECONDARY CARE •
- TRUST CLINICIAN TEAM if transfer declined.

Section 1	
Consultant	
Hospital address	
Contact Phone Number	

Patient's name	
Address	
This patient is stabilised on	
Dose	
Prescription for 28 days supply given on	

Compliance aid

YES/NO

Monitored by

Designated community pharmacy

Their treatment has been explained to them and a review has been arranged for

Appointments to continue every months

Section 2	
Patient's name	
Address	

I do NOT ACCEPT the proposed Shared-Care Agreement for this patient

My reasons for not accepting: Please complete this section		

Signeddate.....

Please return to the Secondary Care Trust Clinician team at :