

## Shared care guidelines

Drug **Specialty** Indication **AZATHIOPRINE NEPHROLOGY** 

IMMUNOSUPPRESSANT / STEROID-SPARING AGENT

**Overview** 

Azathioprine is used as an oral immunosuppressant / steroid-sparing agent in a number of disorders. The main concern is myelosuppression and less frequently nephritis / hepatitis.

Hospital specialist's responsibilities

Initial investigations: FBC, LFTs, U&E

**Initial regimen**: 25mg twice a day increasing by 50mg fortnightly

Typical target dose 1.0 to 1.5 mg/kg body weight/day

For adverse effects and usual disease management Clinical monitoring:

Frequency: Variable at onset, every 3 to 12 months when stable, urgent as required

Safety monitoring: FBC & LFTs weekly for 4 weeks, fortnightly until dose stable for 6

weeks; thereafter 1 to 3 monthly. Check 2 weeks after a dose increase.

U&Es - 3 monthly

Prescribing details: First 3 months from hospital then transferred to GP

Documentation: Clinic letters and results to GP via ICE. Separate patient information &

patient-held shared care diary.

GP's responsibilities Maintenance: 1.0 to 1.5 mg/kg body weight/day as advised at transfer

Clinical monitoring: For adverse effects & usual management

Frequency: As required and determined by patient symptoms

Safety monitoring: FBC & LFTs 3 monthly. Also check 2 weeks after a dose increase.

U&Es - 6 monthly

Treatment duration: Long-term as recommended by specialist

**Documentation**: Practice records. Correspondence with specialist as required.

Copies of blood results to specialist using shared care diary.

**Adverse events** 

Adverse Event	Action required
WCC $\downarrow$ <3.5x10 <sup>9</sup> /L or Neutrophils $\downarrow$ <2.0x10 <sup>9</sup> /L or Platelets $\downarrow$ <150 x10 <sup>9</sup> /L	Repeat FBC & discuss with specialist
↓ trend in WCC / platelet	Discuss with specialist
> 2x rise in ALT/AST/ALP	Repeat LFTs and discuss with specialist
Lymphocytes < 0.5x10 <sup>9</sup> /L	Discuss with specialist
MCV > 105	Check B12, folate and TSH. If normal, discuss with specialist
Bruising/sore throat/oral ulcers	Check FBC and discuss with specialist.
General malaise / rash	Discuss with specialist
Nausea / vomiting	Discuss with specialist

Other information Beware of important drug interaction: ALLOPURINOL – serious risk of marrow toxicity; WARFARIN - anticoagulant effect may be reduced requiring an increased dose; CO-TRIMOXAZOLE & TRIMETHOPRIM – increased risk of haematological toxicity.

Live vaccines should be avoided. Annual flu vaccination recommended.

All immunosuppressants carry a risk of malignancy especially dermatological malignancies. Advise UV protection, surveillance and early referral.

**Contact details** 

The renal department can be contacted for advice using their website: kidney@stees.nhs.uk